

Can every grammar be unambiguous?

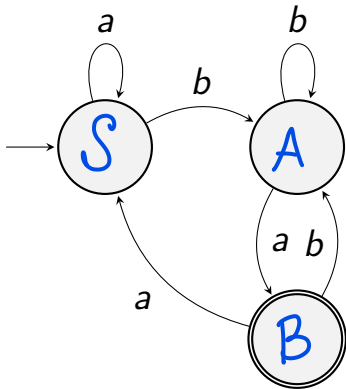
- ▶ Consider $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid \underline{i == j} \text{ or } \underline{j == k}\}$
- ▶ Can we make unambiguous grammar?

$a^i b^j c^k$

$S \Rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2$

All regular languages are Context Free

Idea: given a DFA, **construct** equivalent CFG



$$\begin{aligned}
 S &\rightarrow aS \mid bA \\
 A &\rightarrow aB \mid bA \\
 B &\rightarrow \varepsilon \mid aS \mid bA
 \end{aligned}$$

One more exercise

*w reversed.
(same w as prefix)*

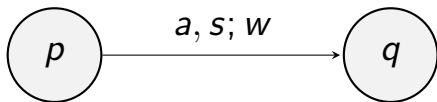
This exercise is from Lewis/Papadimitriou 3.1.3(a)

Give a CFG for $\{w\circ w^R : w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

$$S \rightarrow c \mid aSa \mid bSb$$

CompSci 162
Spring 2023 Lecture 9:
Introducing Push-Down Automata

Push-Down Automata Notation



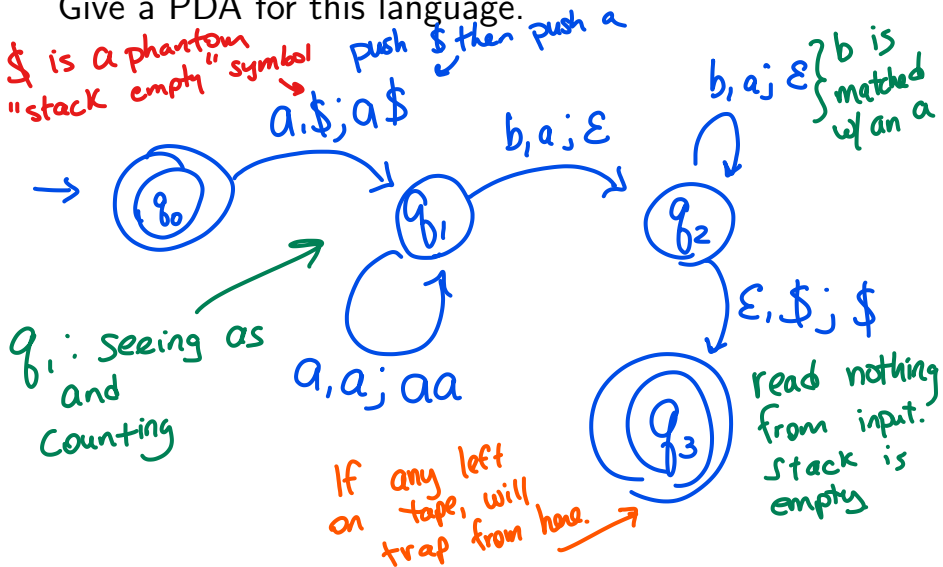
w can be multiple symbols

- ▶ In order to follow this transition:
 - ▶ Be in state p
 - ▶ Consume 'a' from front of input tape.
 - ▶ See 's' on top of stack (empty? 's' is \$)
- ▶ If you follow this transition:
 - ▶ Pop 's' from stack.
 - ▶ Push 'w' to stack
 - ▶ Move state: $p \rightarrow q$

The Language $a^n b^n$

Stack "counts" as seen so far.

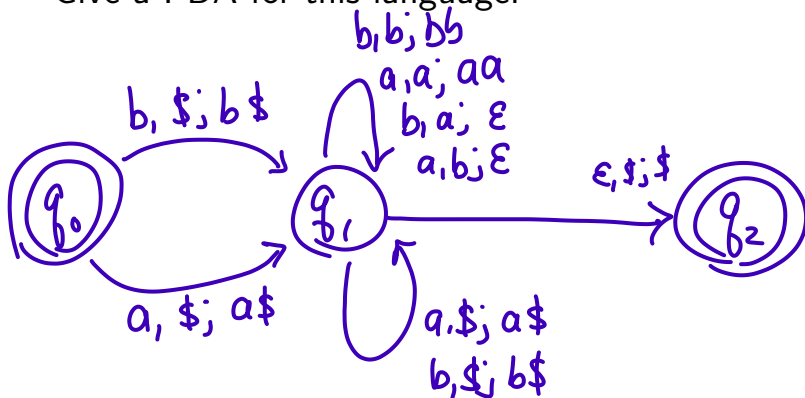
Give a PDA for this language.



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Equal $\#$ a and b

Give a PDA for this language.



Formal Definition of PDA

A **pushdown automata** is $M = (K, \Sigma, \Gamma, \Delta, s, F)$ where

- ▶ K is a finite set of states
- ▶ Σ is an alphabet (**input symbols**)
- ▶ Γ is an alphabet (the **stack symbols**)
- ▶ $s \in K$ is the initial state
- ▶ $F \subseteq K$ is the set of final states
- ▶ Δ is the **transition relation**, a finite subset of

$$(K \times (\Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\}) \times \Gamma^*) \times (K \times \Gamma^*)$$

we are here

read from tape

pop
symbols($\$$)

state to move
and push symbol(s)

Deterministic PDA

- ▶ Cannot be multiple transitions with same initial triple
- ▶ Cannot any ϵ out of a state that pop same as non- ϵ out of the same
- ▶ Which PDA earlier is deterministic?
- ▶ Which is not?

Another language

$$\{a^i b^j c^k : i, j, k \geq 0 \text{ and } i == j \text{ OR } i == k\}$$

Discussion:
try before

One more

$$\{ww^R : w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$$

try before
discussion