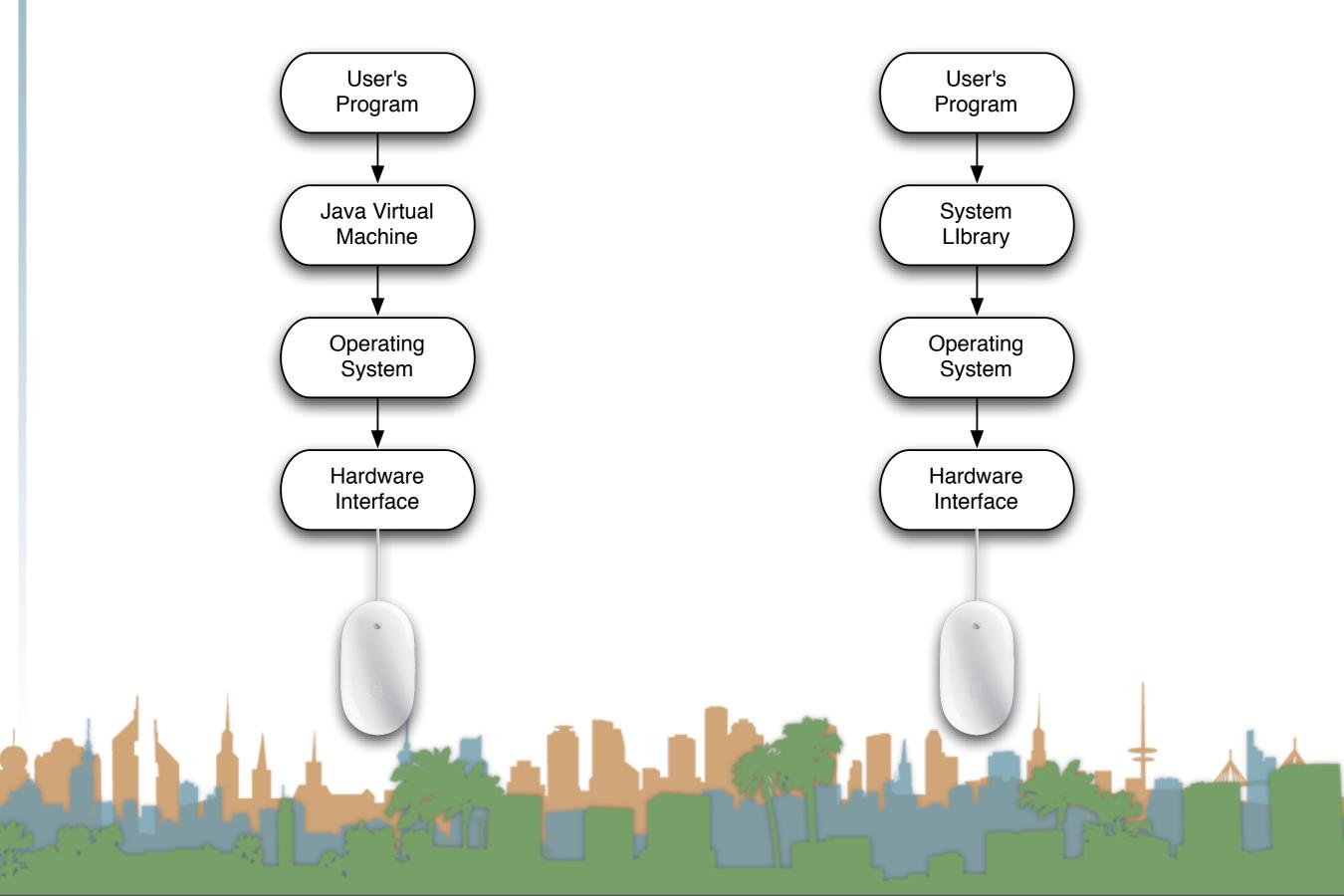
User Interaction: Intro to Multi-Touch

Asst. Professor Donald J. Patterson INF 133 Fall 2010



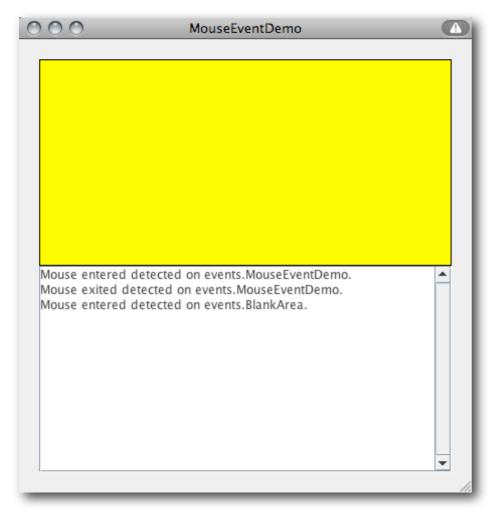


Java uses a "MouseListener" model

- The user asks the virtual machine to tell it when mouse events occur
 - Mouse movements
 - Mouse button press, release, click
 - button 1,2,3
 - Mouse wheel movements

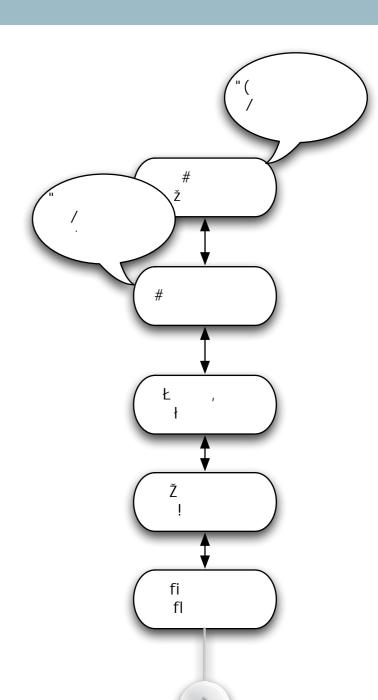


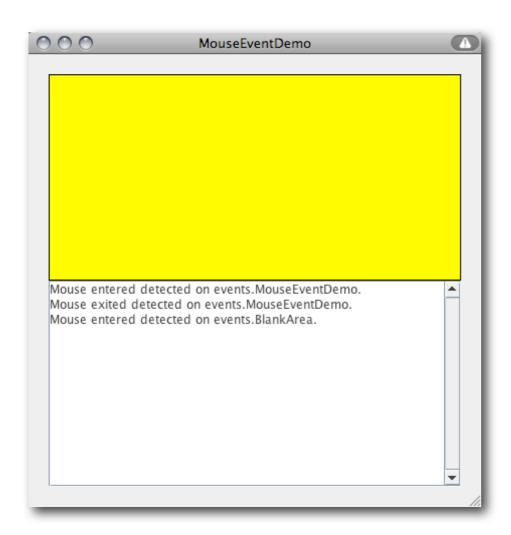
Java uses a "MouseListener"



- "Observer" design pattern
- Example:

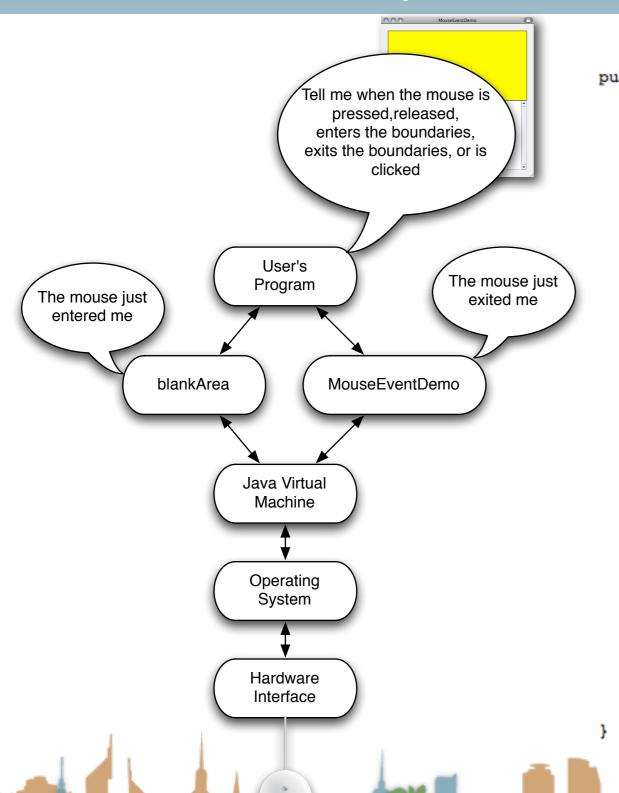






```
public class MouseEventDemo ... implements MouseListener {
        //where initialization occurs:
        //Register for mouse events on blankArea and the panel.
        blankArea.addMouseListener(this);
        addMouseListener(this);
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
       saySomething("Mouse pressed; # of clicks: "
                    + e.getClickCount(), e);
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
       saySomething("Mouse released; # of clicks: "
                    + e.getClickCount(), e);
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {
       saySomething("Mouse entered", e);
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
       saySomething("Mouse exited", e);
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
       saySomething("Mouse clicked (# of clicks: "
                    + e.getClickCount() + ")", e);
    void saySomething(String eventDescription, MouseEvent e) {
        textArea.append(eventDescription + " detected on "
                        + e.getComponent().getClass().getName()
                        + "." + newline);
```

http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing/events/mouselistener.html



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Mouse Event

- When your program is told that something happened,
 you get extra with the event
 - Single or double click?
 - (X,Y) of event
 - global and local coordinates
 - which button was pushed (1,2,3)
 - Modifier keys
 - "Shift" click

Input Event

- When your program is told that something happened,
 you get extra info
 - Which UI component is reporting
 - "blankArea"
 - timestamp
 - and a few more things



Different types of input devices

- What about trackpads?
- What about tablets?
- What about rollerballs?



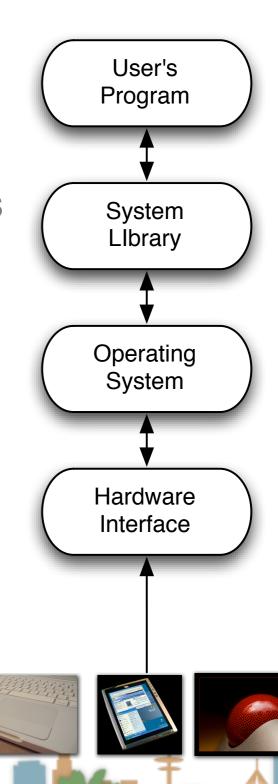




flickr: goodrob12, viagallery.com, somewherein AK

Different types of input devices

- As long as the OS can translate the hardware interaction into the same events then programs are compatible.
- A tablet can "click"
- A rollerball "enters" and "exits"
- A finger on a trackpad has an (X,Y)



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Multi-touch creates new interactions

can only handle a single pointand-click device

User's Program

This breaks old programs

 unless the OS makes the multitouch look like a mouse to the program



You can ask me to tell you about simulataneous touches anywhere

System
Llbrary

Operating
System

Hardware
Interface

flickr:desertzarzamora

- Watch Android GUI video
- What is different from working with a mouse?



- pointer is gone
 - all interaction is active
- hover is gone
- you can't see what you are clicking
- "clicking" isn't natural
- "swiping" is natural





- Software has to be rewritten to be
 - "multi-touch" aware
- The OS can give some support
 - exposing new events like
 - "pinch" (tell me when a pinch occurs)
 - "rotate" (tell me when a rotate occurs)
 - "two finger swipe"
 - "three finger swipe"

Multi-touch creates new interactions

• But multi-touch is really computer vision



Where is the mouse clicking?

What abstractions will the OS expose?

Community Core Vision

- Watch 10/GUI video
 - http://10gui.com/video/



Multi-touch terminology

- Multi-touch An interactive technique that allows single or multiple users to control graphical displays with more than one simultaneous finger.
- Multi-point An interactive technique that makes use of points of contact rather than movement. A multi-point kiosk with buttons would be an example.
- Multi-user A multi-touch device that accepts more than one user. Larger multi-touch devices are said to be inherently multi-user.
- Multi-modal A form of interaction using multiple modes of interfacing with a system.

Multi-touch terminology

- Tabletop Computing Interactive computer displays that take place in the form of tabletops.
- Direct Manipulation The ability to use the body itself (hands, fingers,
 etc) to directly manage digital workspaces.
- Blob tracking Assigning each blob an ID (identifier). Each frame we
 try to determine which blob is which by comparing each with the
 previous frame.
- Blob detection Process of picking out bright areas of a camera image and somehow relaying them to a computer as a touch.

